DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

A champion brave, alert and strong...To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

Vol. II.] Camp Douglas, U. T., Thursday Morning, September 8, 1864. [No. 57.

Daily Union Vedette,

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, EXCEPT SUNDAYS

—AT—

CAMP DOUGLAS, UTAH TERRITORY,

—BY—

OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN,

—OF THE—

California & Nevada Territory Volunteers

Terms of Subscription:

One copy one month, (invariably in advance)	$1 00
One copy three months, " " "	2 75
One copy six months, " " "	5 00

Rates of Advertising:

Business cards (five lines or less)	one month	$ 5 00
" " " " "	three months,	12 00
" " " " "	six months,	20 00
One square (ten lines or less)	one insertion	1 50
" " " "	two insertions	2 50
" " " "	three insertions	3 25
" " " "	one week	4 00
" " " "	one month	8 00
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One-eighth column,	one insertion,	3 00
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" "	three months,	90 00
" "	six months,	$140 00

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☞ Transient advertisements, to insure insertion, must be paid for in advance.

☞ SPECIAL NOTICES charged for at the rate of fifty cents a line, each insertion.

☞ MARRIAGES, BIRTHS, and DEATHS are published in this paper free of charge.

Job Work,

SUCH AS

MINING CERTIFICATES,
PROGRAMMES, BALL INVITATIONS,
BILL HEADS,

Cards, Circulars, Blank Forms

etc., - - - etc., - - - etc.,

IN GOOD STYLE AND ON REASONABLE TERMS.

☞ All Orders addressed "To the Publishers of the DAILY VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory," will meet with prompt attention.

☞ All Communications must be addressed to the "Editor of the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory."

☞ HIRAM S. TUTTLE is our Carrier, and authorized Agent for the transaction of business in Salt Lake City. Orders left for him at the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse Main Street, will be promptly attended to.

L. P. FISHER,

NO. 629 Washington Street, is the only Agent for the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, in the city of San Francisco. All orders for advertising, left with him will be promptly attended to.

Notice.

Having been appointed by His Excellency, the Governor of California, a Commissioner of Deeds for the State of California, I am prepared to enter upon the duties thereof, at my office, in Main street, Great Salt Lake City, opposite Wm. Jennings' store.

Deeds, Transfers, Powers of Attorney, and all other legal papers made out on the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms.

Acknowledgements taken for any part of the United States. apr9-tf PATRICK LYNCH.

JAMES LINFORTH,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
208 BATTERY STREET,
San Francisco, Cal.

Sight Drafts on Salt Lake City, Utah Territory.
" " " Austin, Nevada Territory.

Particular attention given to purchases for Utah. jy2tf

TELEGRAPH COAL BED.

$4 per ton.

PARTIES can be supplied with Coal at this mine at the above rate.

Orders left at the Telegraph Office or at the Mine will be promptly attended to.

GEO. W. CARLETON,

Great Salt Lake City, April 6th, 1864. apr6tf

C. CLIVE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Main St, opposite Town Clock, G. S. L. City,

CLOTHING of all kinds made and repaired in the highest style of art.

Particular attention paid to the manufacture of Officers' Military Uniforms my7tf

J. P. THOMSON,
TAILOR,

Main Street, between 21 and 23 South Temple Streets.

CLEANING, DYING AND HOT PRESSING. OLD Clothes taken in exchange. aug10-1m

OFFICE OF THE OVERLAND STAGE LINE,
Salt Lake City, Aug. 10th, '64.

REDUCTION OF FARE

—TO—

VIRGINIA CITY,

MONTANA TERRITORY.

On and after Monday next, the 15th inst., and until further notice, the fare from Salt Lake to Virginia City, Montana, will be

$25.00

—IN—

LEGAL TENDERS,

aug10-tf W. S. HALSEY, Agent.

IMPORTANT TO EMIGRANTS!!

EUREKA LIVERY STABLES,
Next Building South of the
MANSION HOUSE,
Corner of Emigration Street, and State Road
GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

These New, Large and Commodious

STABLES

Are now open for the accommodation of the Public. Travelers will here find the best accommodations for stock, at the lowest market rates.

Cash paid for Hay and Grain.

ELSWORTH BRO.,
june23tf Proprietors.

GOODRICH HOUSE,
Bannack City ..... Idaho Territory.

THIS HOUSE is now open for the accommodation of the Public, with

Good Beds, and Tables

That will always be furnished with the best the market affords.

Good Corral and Stables near the premises.

my16m6 W. C. GOODRICH.

IDAHO HOUSE,
CORNER OF WALLACE & JACKSON STREETS,
Virginia City, Montana Ter'y.

THE undersigned has opened the above Hotel, and is now ready to accommodate all who may give him a call. Prices to suit the times.

J. M. CASTNER,
aug24-tf Proprietor.

J. W. ELSWORTH. DON C. TUFTS.

MANSION HOUSE,
Cor. Emigration St. & State Road,
GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

This is the most pleasant and best arranged Hotel in Salt Lake City. It is conveniently situated to all the places of business and amusement, and for the accommodation of families or single persons it is unsurpassed. The tables will at all times be supplied with the best the market affords.

Prices to suit the times.

je23tf ELSWORTH & TUFTS.

California and Nevada Volunteers' RESTAURANT.

THE undersigned having re-built and furnished the above Restaurant at Camp Douglas, is now prepared to accommodate all who may give him a call, in a manner never before equaled in this place. The table will always be furnished with the best the market affords.

aug3-tf JULIEN AVET, Prop'r.

S. J. LEES'
PROVISION STORE,
on Main Street,
Great Salt Lake City, U. T.
Miners' and Traders' Outfitting Establishment. jy29-tf

Notice.

Jordan Silver Mining Company, West Mountain Mining District, Utah Ter'y.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in accordance with the laws of California (under which the Company is incorporated) and the By-Laws of the Company, there will be sold at public auction, on Wednesday, the 5th day of October, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the Secretary's Office (Telegraph Office) Great Salt Lake City, so many shares of the capital stock of the Company, standing in the names of the following persons, as will be necessary to pay all assessments due thereon, together with costs of advertising and sale:

	No. of Certificates.	No. of Shares.	No. of Ass't's.	Amount.
Daniel McLean,	272	20	2,3,4,5,6	$210 00
N. B. Eldred,	273	20	2,3,4,5,6	210 00
L. Washburn,	234	5	4,5,6	37 50
R. H. Willard,	263	1	4,5,6	7 50
unknown,	222—230	7	6	17 50

By order of the Board of Trustees.

GEO. W. CARLETON,
sep8-1m Secretary.

NOTICE! NOTICE!!

Carpenters and Plasterers can find employment at Camp Douglas, near this city, by applying to the Quartermaster of the Post. ag23-tf

SOMEBODY'S DARLING.

Into a ward of whitewashed halls,
Where the dead and the dying lay,
Wounded by bayonets, shells and balls,
Somebody's darling was borne one day—
Somebody's darling, so young and so brave;
Wearing yet on his pale, sweet face,
Soon to be hid by the dust of the grave,
The lingering light of his boyhood's grace.

Matted and damp are the curls of gold,
Kissing the snow of that fair young brow,
Pale are the lips of delicate mould—
Somebody's darling is dying now.
Back from his beautiful blue-veined brow
Brush all the wandering waves of gold;
Cross his hands on his bosom now—
Somebody's darling is still and cold

Kiss him once for somebody's sake,
Murmur a prayer soft and low;
One bright curl from its fair mates take—
They were somebody's pride you know;
Somebody's hand hath rested there—
Was it a mother's, soft and white?
And have the lips of a sister fair
Been baptized in their waves so light?

God knows best!—he was somebody's love,
Somebody's heart enshrined him there—
Somebody wafted his name above
Night and morn on the wings of prayer.
Somebody wept when he marched away,
Looking so handsome, brave and grand;
Somebody's kiss on his forehead lay,
Somebody clung to his parting hand.

Somebody's waiting and watching for him—
Yearning to hold him again to her heart;
And there he lies with his blue eyes dim,
And the smiling, childlike lips apart.
Tenderly bury the fair young dead,
Pause to drop on his grave a tear;
Carve on the wooden slab at his head,
"Somebody's darling slumbers here."

AN AFFECTING INCIDENT.—Our worthy State Military Agent at Nashville, L. B. Willard, Esq., in a recent letter to his wife in this city, relates the following affecting incident. He says:

"Last evening, as I was passing by the Post Hospital, my attention was arrested by the singing, in a rather loud tone, of "Rally round the flag, boys," by one of the patients inside. While listening to the beautiful music of that popular song, I observed to a nurse standing in the doorway, that the person singing must be in a very merry mood, and could not be very sick. "You are mistaken, sir," said he, "the poor fellow engaged in singing that good old song is now grappling with death—has been dying all day. I am his nurse," he continued, "and the scene so affected me that I was obliged to leave the room. He is just about breathing his last." I stepped into the ward, and true enough, the brave man was near his end. His eyes were already fixed in death. He was struggling with all his remaining strength against the grim monster, while at the same time there gushed forth from his patriotic soul incoherently the words, "Rally round the flag, boys," which had so often cheered him through his weary march, and braced him up when entering the field of blood, in defense of his country. Finally he sank away into his death slumber, and joined his Maker's command, that is marching onward to that far-off, better land. The last audible sound that escaped his lips was, "Rally, boys, rally once again!" As his eyes were closing, some dozen of his comrades joined in a solemn yet beautiful hymn, appropriate to the occasion. Take it altogether, this was one of the most affecting scenes I ever witnessed in a hospital. It drew tears copiously from near one hundred of us. It occurred in the large ward which occupies the entire body of the church on Cherry street. The deceased was an Illinoisian, and had been wounded in one of the recent skirmishes."—*Detroit Tribune.*

BANNOCK VS. IDAHO.—The practice of naming a place "city," is, to say the least, an assumption on the part of the founders of towns and villages, if not down right bigotry, arrogance and egotism. For instance, it it an impossibility at the laying of the foundation of a place to foresee whether it will, in coming time, assume proportions that will entitle it to the designation, hamlet, village, burg, town or city, hence the naming of a place city is all folly. Another inconvenience to which we of this Territory have had to submit, and which should be remedied now, while we are in our infancy, is the practice of calling towns, districts, counties, and the Territory by the same name. Idaho City is abominable, and ought to be changed back again to "Bannock," and leave out the word "city." When we speak or write of "Idaho," unless we add the word "city," no one can understand whether the town or the Territory is meant. So with "Boise City." This whole basin, including several branches of Boise river, is known as the "Boise mines" or "Boise," and in speaking or writing of the town, unless the word city is added, the matter is perfectly unintelligible. In Washoe the same practice was pursued for a time, until the annoyance became so great that by act of the legislature of Nevada Territory the word city, as a suffix, was stricken from the names of all the towns in that basin, except Carson City and Silver City. At the time Bannock was changed there was a necessity for some change, but not to confound the town with the Territory, as was done, but now, since the Territory has been divided, and the other Bannock is in Montana, there is no reason why it should not be changed back again. We hope our next Legislative Assembly will speedily restore us our original name, without the city, and that Boise City, the future capital of Idaho, if she desires it, may have a new name given her.—*Boise News.*

THE O'DONOGHUE.—It is reported that among the heaviest individual orders for United States five-twenty bonds, recently executed in the London market, and pointedly referred to by the London *Times* and *Herald*, was one from The O'Donoghue, an Irish Representative in the Imperial Parliament, whom Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, on his return from England, expressly mentioned as one of our staunchest friends in the British Islands.—*Stockton Independent.*

LIVE AND DEAD WEIGHT OF SHEEP.—The English rule is to weigh sheep when fasted, and divide the weight by seven and call it quarters. Thus, a sheep weighing one hundred and forty pounds would give twenty pounds a quarter as the dead weight. If the sheep are in good condition, this rule is sufficiently accurate for all purposes. Poor sheep will fall below the mark, and extra fat ones go over it.

CORRECT DEFINITION.—According to the *Boston Post*, the latest and most satisfactory definition of "traitor" is—one who doesn't hold an office or a contract, and hasn't swindled the Government.—*Exchange.*

The *Post* is a Democratic paper, and Democratic authority ought to be good on that point, as for a generation or two they held the monopoly of all the contracts, swindling, etc.—*Sac. Bee.*

DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 8, 1864.

Is it a Change of Base?

Some months since—nearly a year if we recollect aright—the editor of the *Deseret News*—recognized all over the world wherever known as the Church organ and index of the opinions of Brigham Young—evidently "put his foot in it," and printed some editorials for which it was not convenient for the head of the Church to assume the responsibility. Newspapers throughout the Union severely commented on these editorials, until at last Brigham felt it politic to disclaim connection with the concern. For a long time, therefore, there appeared a standing notice at the head of the editorial column of that paper, that Brigham Young was in no way connected with the *News*, and had no control over its columns. In the last issue, yesterday, however, we find a two column article urging the Saints to pay up arrears, and enforcing the request by a very clear statement of the interior workings of the concern and the foundation on which the paper has been reared. The article begins with the statement that *The Deseret News* is owned by the Church, and is printed for the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, and all others who love Truth and Liberty." When, therefore, in commenting upon the sayings of this paper, outsiders naturally denominate it an the "Church organ," it is in bad taste for the editors to get on the "rampage" and characterize such comments as "abuse and misrepresentation." If the Church is held responsible for the writings of the editors of its recognized organ, it is no more than should be expected, especially when that organ announces itself as being printed by and for the Church. Again, in this community everybody knows what the term "the Church" means, viz: solely, exclusively, absolutely and irremediably, Brigham Young. In him alone it exists, lives, moves and has a being." Authority, counsel, prophecy, spirituality, temporality, power, command, etc, etc, all center in his person. When, therefore, the sayings of the *News* were attributed to him by the outside world, nobody was surprised—but it would have been surprising if that same outside world had not smiled incredulously at the statement above referred to, that President Young had no connection with the *Deseret News*.

Still further on, the explanatory editorial in yesterday's *News*, proceeds:

"Again, as all the profits arising from the *News* office and Bindery are at the *exclusive control of the Trustee in Trust*, the same as is the Tithing," etc., etc.

Now all the world knows, and if it does not we propose to enlighten them thereon—that Brigham is the *Trustee in Trust* of the Church, and as such, in the language of the paper itself, the supreme and omnipotent controller of the paper. The disclaimer of connection with the *News* having been withdrawn by Brigham Young, and the foregoing authoritative exposition having been made by the "organ" itself, it is to be hoped that that paper will accept the responsibility for itself and patron which it has now voluntarily assumed.

LARGE SALE.—Yesterday, perhaps the largest single sale of dry goods, groceries, etc., ever made in Utah, was consummated. The large stock of goods imported by Maj. Barrow & Co., part of which has arrived, and part on the way,—was sold to a single house in Salt Lake City. The aggregate price was in the neighborhood of $250,000. We regret to lose from among our Main-street merchants Maj. Barrow, who has thus sold out, "lock, stock and barrel," but are gratified to know that we do not necessarily part with his genial presence. The Major proposes to tarry with us yet a while, and, as he is emphatically a trading institution, will, we presume, turn many a penny in produce, *et cetera*.

"L. X. L."—An assay recently made of the rock from this lode (lately discovered in Rush Valley) gives 3236 32/100 in silver to the ton. Several other new leads have been lately located and taken up in the same vicinity, but we have not been furnished with an account of the assays made.

Postmasters Attention.

We are constantly in the receipt of letters from subscribers throughout the Territory, complaining that they do not receive their papers, duly mailed from this office. Not infrequently they charge, with apparent good reason, that Postmasters at the settlements, North and South, abstract the VEDETTES and destroy them. Now, we are aware that some of the church leaders don't "affect" the VEDETTE muchly, and are fierce in their proscription of it. For this we have no fault to find. If they don't like our paper we trust they won't take it, and if they can preach us down, it's all right. We'll argue any question with them, and trust in our own newspaporial merits to win our way to the hearts of the people. But we want no underhanded work, and if we can help it, do not intend to quietly submit to it. A fair field, gentlemen, and his Royal Highness, the Prince of Darkness, take the hindmost. But we give fair warning, if we can find one of these government officials, yclept P. M.'s, drawing nourishment from the public Treasury, who is so regardless of duty and oblivious of common honesty as to suppress our paper, he had better have a mill stone tied to his neck, and undertake to swim over the Jordan. The VEDETTE is a live institution and cannot be crushed out by any such measures. But they have already affected our subscription list, as we are assured that many in the outer settlements would subscribe were it possible to receive our paper through the mails. Will the proper authorities look into this matter, or wait 'till we catch, brand and pillory some of these recreant Postmasters?

FAVORS A STATE GOVERNMENT FOR NEVADA.—The following telegram was received only in time for to-day's paper. It will be seen that Colonel Williams is decidedly and patriotically in favor of a State in lieu of a Territorial Government for Nevada:

FORT BRIDGER, U. T., Sept. 6th, 1864.

Soldiers of the First Nevada Volunteers: The right of suffrage, dear to every American citizen, has been accorded you wherever stationed. To-morrow, the 7th day of September, you will be called upon to record your votes for or against a State government for Nevada. I sincerely trust you will be as a unit in favor of the Constitution, showing the world that the soldiers of Nevada are as ready to aid in placing one bright star more on the blue field of our country's flag as in punishing the traitors who would pluck one from it.

(Signed) A. A. C. WILLIAMS.
Lt. Col. Comd'g.

☞ We take pleasure in calling attention to the advertisement in another column of Mrs. Florence Bell's benefit next Saturday evening, at the 13th Ward Assembly rooms. Mrs. Bell is a pleasing actress, and will be assisted on the occasion by Mr. Paincefort, an Accomplished votary of the histrionic art. We are pleased to be assured that the uniform of the military service of our revered Uncle will not be made the pretext of exclusion, and have no doubt that a large concourse of loyal men and women will be present to witness what promises to be a pleasing entertainment.

DEATH OF LIEUT. WM. N. ALLEN.—Our readers will notice in another column the announcement of the death of this officer, who for a long time served in the 3rd Inf'y, C. V. He entered the Regiment previous to its organization—was elected 1st Lieut. in Co. C, 3rd Inf'y, and served in that capacity until Sept., 1863, when he resigned and went East with a view of entering more active service. The announcement does not state whether his decease was the result of wounds received or the effect of disease. His numerous friends in this command will be pained to hear of his untimely demise.

CHANGE.—By the advertisement of Mr. W. L. Halsey, it will be seen that the Overland stage coach will, in future, leave Salt Lake City for Denver, Colorado Ter'y, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, instead of daily, as heretofore.

☞ The Virginia *Union* has been shown a letter from J. Neely Johnson, in which that gentleman states that he will not, under any circumstances, be a candidate for Governor of the State of Nevada.

☞ We clip the following from the *Army and Navy Official Gazette*, which will throw some light on a matter of considerable importance to the troops in this District, and one that is at present being pretty generally discussed:

MUSTERS-OUT OF REGIMENTS NOT VETERAN.

Where all the companies of a regiment were mustered in within two (2) months of the date at which the organization commenced, the *date of muster out of the organization will be determined by reckoning the period of service from the date of muster in of the last company.* In accordance with this, if the last company of a regiment was mustered into service on the 20th of May, 1861, (that date is considered as the date of original organization and muster-in of the regiment,) the period of service of the regiment will expire May 19, 1864, (*expiration of original term,*) and at that date, all the members of the regiment, *except re-enlisted ones, and those who have joined since date of original organization*, should be discharged.

Where there is a difference of two months or more between the dates of muster-in of the first and last companies, *the companies will be mustered out separately* and the field and staff reduced proportionally, and in the inverse order in which they were mustered in, under paragraph 85, Mustering Regulations. The field officers, however, to be mustered out at each stage of the reduction, will rest with the Commander of the Army or Department. The musters-out will be made by the Assistant Commissary of Musters for the Division.

OLD ACQUAINTANCES ON THE MOVE.—From the following which we clip from the *Oregonian*, it will be seen that Mr. and Mrs. Irwin, old favorites with the Salt Lakians, have gone north to Oregon. We learn otherwise, that they will remain in that vicinity all winter, but may be expected through this city next summer *en route* to their old home, Denver, Colorado Territory:

THEATRICAL.—Mr. St. Clair, who has just returned from California, has secured the Willamette Theater, in this city, for a theatrical engagement, which will commence shortly after the arrival of the next steamer, with Mr. and Mrs. Irwin as the leading performers. We are assured that the approaching season in Portland will be in every way creditable and interesting to the patrons of the play. Mr. Waldron, who is at present in the country, will possibly return in a few weeks, and the Willamette will be a live theater, with an array of talent never before surpassed on these boards.

NATIVE BRIMSTONE IN NEVADA.—Mr. C. L. Pease lately left with the editor of the *Virginia Union* a specimen of sulphur, in the form of native brimstone, taken from an extensive bed or mine of it, situated within two and a half miles of Humboldt City. This discovery will prove a very valuable one to the discoverers and to the country in which the sulphur bed is located,—and we are always pleased to observe and chronicle such instances of the development of any section of our common country.

LARGE CHEESE.—In San Francisco a mammoth cheese, weighing 4,000 pounds, was rolled into the Mechanics' Pavilion for exhibition at the coming Fair. It was made in Monterey especially for this purpose.

NOTICE.—The usual weekly meeting of the Dashaway Society will be held this evening in the large tent near the bakehouse, the Theater being occupied in making necessary preparations for the Good Templars Ball.

COOL.—The weather for the past two or three mornings, has been decidedly cool. Old summer, we guess is about to take her departure.

Official Correspondence.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, March 30, 1864.

General Orders,
No. 129.

The attention of all officers is called to the Army Regulations and General Orders in regard to correspondence on official matters. All such correspondence must be conducted through the proper official channels, except in cases of pressing necessity which do not leave time for regular communication, and then the necessity must be stated. All applications or correspondence, through whomsoever made, in violation of this Order, will not be responded to, and the writers will be arrested and tried for disobedience of orders, or recommended to the President for dismissal.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant.
E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant General.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 6th.

The opposition steamboat *Washoe*, exploded a boiler on the Sacramento river last night. Her upper works were shattered and the stern blown out. One hundred and fifty passengers killed and wounded. Fifty persons are already dead or will soon die. The boat was running at a high rate of speed. The engineer said before dying, that the cause of the explosion was rotten iron in the boiler.

Telegraphic communication is now open as far north as Olympia, the Capital of Washington Territory.

There is now in progress in San Francisco, the greatest industrial exhibition ever held in California.

The ship *Eagle Wing* sailed for Boston.

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 6th.

From the S. F. *Bulletin*: A little girl about two years old was taken from the wreck badly scalded. Her parents, who were on board, are said to have been lost. The child is now at the Golden Eagle Hotel. The only articles on her by which she may be recognized, are a gold chain, and an opal ring. At the Vernon House the Howard Association have a large number of members who, with a large force of ladies, are doing all that can be done for the sufferers. The Association also has a Committee out collecting, who have so far met with good success. As many of the injured are from San Francisco, a collection there would be most serviceable and gratifying to the Association. The conduct of the California Navigation Co. is deserving great praise, while Capt. Kidd and other officers are exciting unfavorable comments among the citizens by their not accompanying the injured on the way up to this city—in fact deserting them and leaving them to the tender mercies of strangers. Most of the badly scalded will undoubtedly die. A number of the slightly injured have dispersed through the city, so that I am unable to get their names. The following are slightly injured:

Conrad Grant, Deadwood, Placer county; Patrick Daly and Harry Steele, deck hands, of San Francisco.

From what I can learn, the *Washoe* was going at a very high rate of speed at the time of the explosion, probably intending to pass the *Chrysopolis* when she made her landing at Freeport.

"ONCE MORE ON THE DECK I STAND."—A sailor on shore is a fish out of water. He don't know where to go, or what to do with himself. He don't understand horseback riding, and walking ain't *natural* to him. As to landscapes, rural scenes, fishing excursions, visiting the Cliff House, or such like enjoyments, there are ports where more can be seen for less money. Jack seldom uses a gun, and if he did, the sporting season is *out*. How, then, is he to amuse himself? He don't trouble himself much in arguing this point. There is one fount from which he draws most of his inspiration, and *that* is a "bar," erected for the sale of stupefying liquors, which he imbibes in drinking healths with his comrades, till his reason is gone and his money with it. Then he becomes thoroughly disgusted with shore life, and desires to ship. Yesterday we saw a case of this kind. The sailor was a fine looking fellow. He was, both drunk and sober—intelligent, yet muddled. His reason seemed to flit, and his legs to bend under his body. Still, he spoke like a man who understood what he was about, and presented himself at the office of Captain Baker as an applicant for a berth. Fortunately, there was a fine clipper-ship in port, almost ready to sail, with a noble specimen of a commander, and Jack's name was at once enrolled as one of her crew. He made no inquiry about wages—cared nothing for them. All he asked was to be put on board, and when he started in the direction of the wharf where the vessel lay, his eye grew brighter and he seemed in a moment to have been transformed from a dejected outcast to a happy sovereign.—*S F Flag.*

A JEW AND CHINAMAN IN A SCRIMMAGE.—The other day, a Chinaman went into a Jew store for the purpose of purchasing some goods. He bought to the amount of four dollars, and offered therefor the sum of fifty cents. This incensed the Israelite, who made after the Chinaman for the purpose of chastising him. John got out of the door, and then opened his batteries upon the Jew. "Yes, me sabe! me sabe! You kill Melken man's God! Chow!" So, you see, these Celestials are posting themselves.—*Virginia Union.*

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5th.

According to official statements the amount of fractional currency in circulation is $24,000,000. It has been increased nearly $1,000,000 within the last month.

The subscription to the 7-30 loan as reported to the Treasury Department to-day, amounts to from $713,000 to $1,472,000.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6th.

The *Herald's* Bunker Hill correspondent says: Crook last night was attacked by the enemy, but repulsed him. We took 100 prisoners.

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WILL GET HIS MONEY.—Charley Duane is in a fair way to get $5,000 damages for being shipped away from San Francisco, Judge Field having affirmed the judgement of the District Court in the case of Duane vs. Pierson.

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For the Benefit of

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A Musical Melange.

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Special Notice!

TILL FURTHER NOTICE THE

OVERLAND STAGE LINE COACH

WILL LEAVE THIS CITY FOR

DENVER, COLORADO TERRITORY,

—ON—

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays,

at 4 o'clock, a. m.

W. L. HALSEY, Agent.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 6th, 1864. sep8-tf

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GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

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Coats, Pants, Vests, Hats, Shirts, Collars, Cravats,

Boots and Shoes.

Also have on hand everything in the

DRY GOODS AND GROCERY LINE.

sep1-1m WARNER BROS.

WHOLESALE HOUSE

—IN—

SALT LAKE CITY.

BARROW & CO.,

EAST TEMPLE STREET,

(In the Store formerly occupied by WILLIAM JENNINGS,)

WILL receive by the 25th August, one of the Largest Stocks of Merchandise ever brought to this country, which they offer to the trade at a small advance on Eastern prices. Their Stock consists of

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GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES,

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, CLOTHING,

ETC., ETC.

As their goods were bought before the recent great advance, they are enabled to offer great inducements to purchasers.

Merchants in the City and Territory, and from Boise, East Bannack and Virginia cities, are particularly invited to call and examine our stock and prices.

☞ The highest price paid for produce of all kinds. aug-3tf

CARPENTERS WANTED!

THE best wages will be given to 50 good Carpenters. Apply to

sept1-p1m CHARLES KING, 8th Ward.

NOTICE! NOTICE!

Carpenters and Plasterers can find employment at Camp Douglas, near this city, by applying to the Quartermaster of the Post. aug24-tf

FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

FREIGHT TO IDAHO CITY!

Freight to Bannack City!

The undersigned is prepared to furnish any amount of Transportation for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by Mule or Ox Teams,

TO THE ABOVE, OR OTHER POINTS,

WITH SAFETY AND DISPATCH,

And upon

Reasonable Terms.

☞ Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 21, 1864. sep3-tf

MULES.

I have Fifty Head of

LARGE, YOUNG, AND WELL BROKE

AMERICAN MULES,

Which I will exchange for

WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS, FLOUR OR HAY.

☞ Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 21, 1864. sep3

DISSOLUTION.

The Partnership heretofore existing between [illegible] under the firm of [illegible] & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm are requested to call and settle their accounts. The business will be carried on by the undersigned, at the old stand of Kerr & Co., in their old place of business.

S. L. City, Sept. 1st, 1864.

SCOTT, KERR & CO.,

BANKERS,

(Successors of Powers, Newman & Co.,)

EAST TEMPLE STREET,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY,

(Sodrel's Old Drug Store,)

Receive Money on Deposit,

Buy Coin,

Gold Dust,

and Exchange.

Pay Interest on Time Deposits, by special agreement, and transact a General Banking Business.

NEW YORK CORRESPONDENT:

METROPOLITAN BANK, N. Y. CITY.

DREXEL & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

SCOTT, KERR & CO., Leavenworth, Kansas. sept1-tf

SPECIAL NOTICE!

Till further notice, the

OVERLAND MAIL COACH

Will leave this City for

VIRGINIA CITY, NEVADA TERR'Y,

Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday Morning, at 8 o'clock, returning from the West the following days.

H. S. RUMFIELD, Agent.

Salt Lake City, Aug. 29, 1864. sept1-tf

OLIVER & CO.

Continue to run their Bannack Express Line

ON MONDAYS & THURSDAYS.

TIME: THREE AND A-HALF DAYS!

THE NEAREST ROAD BY SEVENTY MILES!!

Direct to Virginia City!!!

We continue to run a stage weekly to the Kootenay Mines. Distance, 500 miles. Time, 10 days. These Mines are favorably reported; hands are making from one to three ounces per day.

A. J. OLIVER & CO.,

T. D. BROWN, Agent, G. S. L. City. Bannack. aug6-tf

BEN. HOLLADAY, New York. } { W. L. HALSEY, G. S. L. City.

HOLLADAY & HALSEY,

BANKERS,

At the office of the Overland Stage Line, Great Salt Lake City, will pay the highest rates for

GOLD DUST AND COIN.

Dust bought for Coin or Currency.

Cash paid for Government Vouchers.

Drafts payable in Coin or Currency sold on

New York,

San Francisco, Cal.,

Virginia City, Idaho,

Denver City, Colorado,

Portland, Oregon and

Victoria, British Columbia.

Postage Currency and Revenue Stamps for sale.

my28-tf

AUSTIN M. CLARK, JNO. W. KERR, MILTON E. CLARK.

Clark & Co.,

BANKERS,

Great Salt Lake City,

DEALERS IN

COIN,

GOLD DUST and EXCHANGE,

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT.

Correspond with Metropolitan Bank, New York; Clark & Co., Leavenworth; Clark & Co., Denver.

Refer by permission to Bank of Commerce, New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia. jy11f

PRIVATE BOARDING.

THE undersigned has opened the spacious house (near the Theater) lately occupied by Gen. Connor, as a first class private boarding house; where all the comforts of a home can be had, at reasonable rates.

PRICES:

Day Boarders, per week, $12 00

With room, 15 00

Aug10-1m H. McKELLY, Proprietor.

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

CORNER OF IDAHO & JACKSON STS.,

Virginia City, Montana Ter. y.

JOHN [illegible], Proprietor.

This House is now open for the accommodation of the public, with [illegible] and [illegible] with the [illegible]

DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 8, 1864.

Is it a Change of Base?

Some months since—nearly a year if we recollect aright—the editor of the *Deseret News*—recognized all over the world wherever known as the Church organ and index of the opinions of Brigham Young—evidently "put his foot in it," and printed some editorials for which it was not convenient for the head of the Church to assume the responsibility. Newspapers throughout the Union severely commented on these editorials, until at last Brigham felt it politic to disclaim connection with the concern. For a long time, therefore, there appeared a standing notice at the head of the editorial column of that paper, that Brigham Young was in no way connected with the *News*, and had no control over its columns. In the last issue, yesterday, however, we find a two column article urging the Saints to pay up arrears, and enforcing the request by a very clear statement of the interior workings of the concern and the foundation on which the paper has been reared. The article begins with the statement that *the Deseret News* is owned by the Church, and is printed for the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, and all others who love Truth and Liberty." When, therefore, in commenting upon the sayings of this paper, outsiders naturally denominate it as the "Church organ," it is in bad taste for the editors to get on the "rampage" and characterize such comments as "abuse and misrepresentation." If the Church is held responsible for the writings of the editors of its recognized organ, it is no more than should be expected, especially when that organ announces itself as being printed by and for the Church. Again, in this community everybody knows what the term "the Church" means, viz: solely, exclusively, absolutely and irremediably, Brigham Young. In him alone it exists, lives, moves and has a being." Authority, counsel, prophecy, spirituality, temporality, power, command, etc., etc., all center in his person. When, therefore, the sayings of the *News* were attributed to him by the outside world, nobody was surprised—but it would have been surprising if that same outside world had not smiled incredulously at the statement above referred to, that President Young had no connection with the *Deseret News*.

Still further on, the explanatory editorial in yesterday's *News*, proceeds:

"Again, as all the profits arising from the *News* office and Bindery are at the *exclusive control of the Trustee in Trust*, the same as is the Tithing," etc., etc.

Now all the world knows, and if it does not we propose to enlighten them thereon—that Brigham is the Trustee in Trust of the Church, and as such, in the language of the paper itself, the supreme and omnipotent controller of the paper. The disclaimer of connection with the *News* having been withdrawn by Brigham Young, and the foregoing authoritative exposition having been made by the "organ" itself, it is to be hoped that that paper will accept the responsibility for itself and patron which it has now voluntarily assumed.

LARGE SALE.—Yesterday, perhaps the largest single sale of dry goods, groceries, etc., ever made in Utah, was consummated. The large stock of goods imported by Maj. Barrow & Co., —part of which has arrived, and part on the way,—was sold to a single house in Salt Lake City. The aggregate price was in the neighborhood of $250,000. We regret to lose from among our Main-street merchants Maj. Barrow, who has thus sold out, "lock, stock and barrel," but are gratified to know that we do not necessarily part with his genial presence. The Major proposes to tarry with us yet a while, and, as he is emphatically a trading institution, will, we presume, turn many a penny in produce, *et cetera*.

"I. X. L."—An assay recently made of the rock from this lode (lately discovered in Rush Valley) gives 3228 32 in silver to the ton. Several other new leads have been lately located and taken up in the same vicinity, but we have not been furnished with an account of the assays made.

Postmasters Attention.

We are constantly in the receipt of letters from subscribers throughout the Territory, complaining that they do not receive their papers, duly mailed from this office. Not infrequently they charge, with apparent good reason, that Postmasters at the settlements, North and South, abstract the VEDETTES and destroy them. Now, we are aware that some of the church leaders don't "affect" the VEDETTE muchly, and are fierce in their proscription of it. For this we have no fault to find. If they don't like our paper we trust they won't take it, and if they can preach us down it's all right. We'll argue any question with them, and trust in our own newspaporial merits to win our way to the hearts of the people. But we want no underhanded work, and if we can help it, do not intend to quietly submit to it. A fair field, gentlemen, and his Royal Highness, the Prince of Darkness, take the hindmost. But we give fair warning, if we can find one of these government officials, yclept P. M.'s, drawing nourishment from the public Treasury, who is so regardless of duty and oblivious of common honesty as to suppress our paper, he had better have a mill stone tied to his neck, and undertake to swim over the Jordan. The VEDETTE is a live institution and cannot be crushed out by any such measures. But they have already affected our subscription list, as we are assured that many in the outer settlements would subscribe were it possible to receive our paper through the mails. Will the proper authorities look into this matter, or wait 'till we catch, brand and pillory some of these recreant Postmasters?

FAVORS A STATE GOVERNMENT FOR NEVADA.—The following telegram was received only in time for to-day's paper. It will be seen that Colonel Williams is decidedly and patriotically in favor of a State in lieu of a Territorial Government for Nevada:

FORT BRIDGER, U. T., Sept. 6th, 1864.

Soldiers of the First Nevada Volunteers: The right of suffrage, dear to every American citizen, has been accorded you wherever stationed. To-morrow, the 7th day of September, you will be called upon to record your votes for or against a State government for Nevada. I sincerely trust you will be as a unit in favor of the Constitution, showing the world that the soldiers of Nevada are as ready to aid in placing one bright star more on the blue field of our country's flag as in punishing the traitors who would pluck one from it.

(Signed) A. A. C. WILLIAMS.
Lt. Col. Comd'g.

☞ We take pleasure in calling attention to the advertisement in another column of Mrs. Florence Bell's benefit next Saturday evening, at the 13th Ward Assembly rooms. Mrs. Bell is a pleasing actress, and will be assisted on the occasion by Mr. Paincefort, an Accomplished votary of the histrionic art. We are pleased to be assured that the uniform of the military service of our revered Uncle will not be made the pretext of exclusion, and have no doubt that a large concourse of loyal men and women will be present to witness what promises to be a pleasing entertainment.

DEATH OF LIEUT. WM. N. ALLEN.—Our readers will notice in another column the announcement of the death of this officer, who for a long time served in the 3rd Inf'y, C. V. He entered the Regiment previous to its organization—was elected 1st Lieut. in Co. C, 3rd Inf'y, and served in that capacity until Sept, 1863, when he resigned and went East with a view of entering more active service. The announcement does not state whether his decease was the result of wounds received or the effect of disease. His numerous friends in this command will be pained to hear of his untimely demise.

CHANGE.—By the advertisement of Mr. W. L. Halsey, it will be seen that the Overland stage coach will, in future, leave Salt Lake City for Denver, Colorado Ter'y, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, instead of daily, as heretofore.

☞ The Virginia *Union* has been shown a letter from J. Neely Johnson, in which that gentleman states that he will not, under any circumstances, be a candidate for Governor of the State of Nevada.

☞ We clip the following from the *Army and Navy Official Gazette*, which will throw some light on a matter of considerable importance to the troops in this District, and one that is at present being pretty generally discussed:

MUSTERS-OUT OF REGIMENTS NOT VETERAN.

Where all the companies of a regiment were mustered in within two (2) months of the date at which the organization commenced, the *date of muster out of the organization will be determined by reckoning the period of service from the date of muster-in of the last company.* In accordance with this, if the last company of a regiment was mustered into service on the 20th of May, 1861, (that date is considered as the date of original organization and muster-in of the regiment,) the period of service of the regiment will expire May 19, 1864, (*expiration of original term,*) and at that date, all the members of the regiment, *except re-enlisted ones, and those who have joined since date of original organization,* should be discharged.

Where there is a difference of two months or more between the dates of muster-in of the first and last companies, *the companies will be mustered out separately* and the field and staff reduced proportionally, and in the inverse order in which they were mustered in, under paragraph 85, Mustering Regulations. The field officers, however, to be mustered out at each stage of the reduction, will rest with the Commander of the Army or Department. The musters-out will be made by the Assistant Commissary of Musters for the Division.

OLD ACQUAINTANCES ON THE MOVE.—From the following which we clip from the *Oregonian*, it will be seen that Mr. and Mrs. Irwin, old favorites with the Salt Lakians, have gone north to Oregon. We learn otherwise, that they will remain in that vicinity all winter, but may be expected through this city next summer *en route* to their old home, Denver, Colorado Territory:

THEATRICAL.—Mr. St. Clair, who has just returned from California, has secured the Willamette Theater, in this city, for a theatrical engagement, which will commence shortly after the arrival of the next steamer, with Mr. and Mrs. Irwin as the leading performers. We are assured that the approaching season in Portland will be in every way creditable and interesting to the patrons of the play. Mr. Waldron, who is at present in the country, will possibly return in a few weeks, and the Willamette will be a live theater, with an array of talent never before surpassed on these boards.

NATIVE BRIMSTONE IN NEVADA.—Mr. C. L. Pease lately left with the editor of the *Virginia Union* a specimen of sulphur, in the form of native brimstone, taken from an extensive bed or mine of it, situated within two and a half miles of Humboldt City. This discovery will prove a very valuable one to the discoverers and to the country in which the sulphur bed is located,—and we are always pleased to observe and chronicle such instances of the development of any section of our common country.

LARGE CHEESE.—In San Francisco a mammoth cheese, weighing 4,000 pounds, was rolled into the Mechanics' Pavilion for exhibition at the coming Fair. It was made in Monterey especially for this purpose.

NOTICE.—The usual weekly meeting of the Dashaway Society will be held this evening in the large tent near the bakehouse, the Theater being occupied in making necessary preparations for the Good Templars Ball.

COOL.—The weather for the past two or three mornings, has been decidedly cool. Old summer, we guess is about to take her departure.

Official Correspondence.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, March 30, 1864.

General Orders,
No. 129.

The attention of all officers is called to the Army Regulations and General Orders in regard to correspondence on official matters. All such correspondence must be conducted through the proper official channels, except in cases of pressing necessity which do not leave time for regular communication, and then the necessity must be stated. All applications or correspondence, through whomsoever made, in violation of this Order, will not be responded to, and the writers will be arrested and tried for disobedience of orders, or recommended to the President for dismissal.

By command of Lieutenant-General Grant.

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Assistant Adjutant General.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

San Francisco, Sept. 6th.

The opposition steamboat *Washoe*, exploded a boiler on the Sacramento river last night. Her upper works were shattered and the stern blown out. One hundred and fifty passengers killed and wounded. Fifty persons are already dead or will soon die. The boat was running at a high rate of speed. The engineer said before dying, that the cause of the explosion was rotten iron in the boiler.

Telegraphic communication is now open as far north as Olympia, the Capital of Washington Territory.

There is now in progress in San Francisco, the greatest industrial exhibition ever held in California.

The ship *Eagle Wing* sailed for Boston.

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 6th.

From the S. F. *Bulletin*: A little girl about two years old was taken from the wreck badly scalded. Her parents, who were on board, are said to have been lost. The child is now at the Golden Eagle Hotel. The only articles on her by which she may be recognized, are a gold chain, and an opal ring. At the Vernon House the Howard Association have a large number of members who, with a large force of ladies, are doing all that can be done for the sufferers. The Association also has a Committee out collecting, who have so far met with good success. As many of the injured are from San Francisco, a collection there would be most serviceable and gratifying to the Association. The conduct of the California Navigation Co. is deserving great praise, while Capt. Kidd and other officers are exciting unfavorable comments among the citizens by their not accompanying the injured on the way up to this city—in fact deserting them and leaving them to the tender mercies of strangers. Most of the badly scalded will undoubtedly die. A number of the slightly injured have dispersed through the city, so that I am unable to get their names. The following are slightly injured:

Conrad Grant, Deadwood, Placer county; Patrick Daly and Harry Steele, deck hands, of San Francisco.

From what I can learn, the *Washoe* was going at a very high rate of speed at the time of the explosion, probably intending to pass the *Chrysopolis* when she made her landing at Freeport.

"ONCE MORE ON THE DECK I STAND."—A sailor on shore is a fish out of water. He don't know where to go, or what to do with himself. He don't understand horseback riding, and walking ain't *natural* to him. As to landscapes, rural scenes, fishing excursions, visiting the Cliff House, or such like enjoyments, there are ports where more can be seen for less money. Jack seldom uses a gun, and if he did, the sporting season is out. How, then, is he to amuse himself? He don't trouble himself much in arguing this point. There is one fount from which he draws most of his inspiration, and *that* is a "bar," erected for the sale of stupefying liquors, which he imbibes in drinking healths with his comrades, till his reason is gone and his money with it. Then he becomes thoroughly disgusted with shore life, and desires to ship. Yesterday we saw a case of this kind. The sailor was a fine looking fellow. He was, both drunk and sober—intelligent, yet muddled. His reason seemed to flit, and his legs to bend under his body. Still, he spoke like a man who understood what he was about, and presented himself at the office of Captain Baker as an applicant for a berth. Fortunately, there was a fine clipper ship in port, almost ready to sail, with a noble specimen of a commander, and Jack's name was at once enrolled as one of her crew. He made no inquiry about wages—cared nothing for them. All he asked was to be put on board, and when he started in the direction of the wharf where the vessel lay, his eye grew brighter and he seemed in a moment to have been transformed from a dejected outcast to a happy sovereign.—*S F Flag.*

A JEW AND CHINAMAN IN A SCRIMMAGE.—The other day, a Chinaman went into a Jew store for the purpose of purchasing some goods. He bought to the amount of four dollars, and offered therefor the sum of fifty cents. This incensed the Israelite, who made after the Chinaman for the purpose of chastising him. John got out of the door, and then opened his batteries upon the Jew. "Yes, me sabe! me sabe! You kill 'Mellken man's God! Chow!" So, you see, these Celestials are posting themselves.—*Virginia Union.*

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5th.

According to official statements the amount of fractional currency in circulation is $24,000,000. It has been increased nearly $1,000,000 within the last month.

The subscription to the 7-30 loan as reported to the Treasury Department to-day, amounts to from $713,000 to $1,472,000.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6th.

The *Herald's* Bunker Hill correspondent says: Crook last night was attacked by the enemy, but repulsed him. We took 100 prisoners.

The *Herald's* correspondent with Averill on the 4th, writes: Yesterday our operations on Sheridan's right and in the direction of Winchester were eminently successful. About half-past 10 o'clock in the morning Lomax's division of rebel cavalry, then reinforced to five brigades, attacked our line one mile north of Darksville on the Winchester pike, seventy miles south of Martinsburg. The attack of the army was made with gallantry, but was as gallantly repulsed, although we had only engaged a portion of our command. The offensive party had three in action to our one. Having for a short time maintained the defensive in order to allow the enemy time to develop his strength, we took the offensive and drove Lomax's whole division at a very rapid rate over the field, through the woods and past the rifle-pits to rudely constructed breastworks and a distance of nearly five miles. Arriving at this point, the enemy attempted to make a stand, opening with artillery and using their whole cavalry force to prevent us crossing Mill creek, a small stream which crosses the pike and empties into the Opequan The engagement in this locality was of short duration, but unusually spirited. We charged the enemy, and a portion of Powell and Schoonmaker's brigades would have taken his artillery had our men been able to get across the creek in the manner in which they advanced. The enemy partly escaped capture by this accident. In the action the 1st Virginia cavalry made a splendid charge with great gallantry, under Lieut. Col. Chas. E. Cophart, and drove the enemy, who was charging at the time. Having come upon the enemy's main force we skirmished during the rest of the day while preparing for other movements yesterday.

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WILL GET HIS MONEY.—Charley Duane is in a fair way to get $5,000 damages for being shipped away from San Francisco, Judge Field having affirmed the judgement of the District Court in the case of Duane vs. Pierson.

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THIRTEENTH WARD.

For the Benefit of

MRS. FLORENCE BELL.

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In which she will be assisted by the Celebrated Artist

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A Musical Melange.

To conclude with the ever welcome

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—ON—

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays,

at 4 o'clock, a. m.

W. L. HALSEY, Agent.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 6th, 1864. sep8-tf

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Boots and Shoes.

Also have on hand everything in the

DRY GOODS AND GROCERY LINE.

sep9-1m WALKER BROS.

WHOLESALE HOUSE

—IN—

SALT LAKE CITY.

BARROW & CO.,

EAST TEMPLE STREET,

(In the Store formerly occupied by WILLIAM JENNINGS,)

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As their goods were bought before the recent great advance, they are enabled to offer great inducements to purchasers.

Merchants in the City and Territory, and from Boise, East Bannack and Virginia mines, are particularly invited to call and examine our stock and prices.

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CARPENTERS WANTED!

THE best wages will be given to good Mechanic Carpenters. Apply to

s10,tf-p1m CHARLES KING, 8th Ward.

NOTICE! NOTICE!

Carpenters and Plasterers can find employment at Camp Douglas, near this city, by applying to the Quartermaster of the Post. sep8-tf

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FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

FREIGHT TO IDAHO CITY!

Freight to Bannack City!

The undersigned is prepared to furnish any amount of Transportation for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by Mule or Ox Teams,

WITH SAFETY AND DISPATCH,

And upon

Reasonable Terms.

☞ Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 21, 1864. sep3-tf

MULES.

I have Fifty Head of

LARGE, YOUNG, AND WELL BROKE

AMERICAN MULES,

Which I will exchange for

WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS, FLOUR OR HAY.

☞ Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first door south Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 21, 1864. sep3-tf

DISSOLUTION.

The firm of [illegible] is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be settled up by the above copartners. Powers, Kerr & Co., at the former place of business.

S. L. City, Sept. 1st, 1864.

SCOTT, KERR & CO.,

BANKERS,

(Successors of Powers, Newman & Co.,)

EAST TEMPLE STREET,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY,

(Corner of Drug Store.)

Receive Money on Deposit,

Buy Coin,

Gold Dust,

and Exchange.

Pay Interest on Time Deposits, by special agreement, and transact a General Banking Business.

NEW YORK CORRESPONDENTS:

METROPOLITAN BANK, N. Y. CITY.

DREXEL & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

SCOTT, KERR & CO., Leavenworth, Kansas. sep13-tf

SPECIAL NOTICE!

Till further notice, the

OVERLAND MAIL COACH

Will leave this City for

VIRGINIA CITY, NEVADA TERR'Y,

Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday Morning, at 8 o'clock, returning from the West the following days.

H. S. RUMFIELD, Agent.

Salt Lake City, Aug. 29, 1864. sept1-tf

OLIVER & CO.

Continue to run their Bannack Express Line

ON MONDAYS & THURSDAYS,

TIME: THREE AND A-HALF DAYS!

THE NEAREST ROAD BY SEVENTY MILES!!

Direct to Virginia City!!!

We continue to run a stage weekly to the Kootenay Mines. Distance, 500 miles. Time, 10 days. These Mines are favorably reported; hands are making from one to three ounces per day.

A. J. OLIVER & CO.,

T. D. BROWN, Agent, G. S. L. City. Bannack. aug6-tf

BEN. HOLLADAY, New York. } { W. L. HALSEY, G. S. L. City.

HOLLADAY & HALSEY,

BANKERS,

At the office of the Overland Stage Line, Great Salt Lake City, will pay the highest rates for

GOLD DUST AND COIN.

Dust bought for Coin or Currency.

Cash paid for Government Vouchers.

Drafts payable in Coin or Currency sold on

New York,

San Francisco, Cal.,

Virginia City, Idaho,

Denver City, Colorado,

Atchinson, Kansas,

Portland, Oregon and

Victoria, British Columbia.

Postage Currency and Revenue Stamps for sale. my28-tf

AUSTIN M. CLARK, JNO. W. KERR, MILTON E. CLARK.

Clark & Co.,

BANKERS,

Great Salt Lake City,

DEALERS IN

COIN,

GOLD DUST and EXCHANGE,

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT.

Correspond with Metropolitan Bank, New York; Clark & Co., Leavenworth; Clark & Co., Denver.

Refer by permission to Bank of Commerce, New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia. jy1tf

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PRIVATE BOARDING.

THE undersigned has opened the spacious house (near the Theater) lately occupied by Gen. Connor, as a first class private boarding house; where all the comforts of a home can be had, at reasonable rates.

PRICES:

Day boarders, per week, $12 00

With room, 15 00

aug10-1m M. McKELLY, Proprietor.

PLANTERS' HOUSE,

CORNER OF IDAHO & JACKSON STS.

Virginia City, Montana Ter'y.

JOHN [illegible], Proprietor.

This House is now open for the accommodation of the public, with good rooms, and [illegible] with the

Democratic Sentiment.—The Richmond Examiner thus gives vent to its sympathy with, and points out the way to secure the triumph of Democracy in the North:

"The Democrats of the North who have waited four years, not too patiently, trusting to regain the power and profit which they but lately held to be a Democratic inheritance, must naturally be provoked beyond endurance at this audacious attempt of Lincoln and Seward to ride rough-shod over them for four years more. We learn that the Democrats are universally turning their thoughts to Franklin Pierce and the Connecticut Seymour as their nominees for President and Vice President. To give them the least chance of electing these two advocates of peace, Grant must be defeated, the invasion must collapse and die out, and the very name of war must become a word of horror, uttered with loathing and execration. Therefore, it is the interest of the Democrats to do their very uttermost to weaken the Federal army, discredit Federal finance, in short to extinguish the war altogether, in order to extinguish the party which invented the war, and governs it, and lives by it."

It is then the special *duty* of Brown's *Press*, the *Express*, and others of this stripe, to aid and assist in the defeat of Grant. Hence the *Express* of yesterday puts forth a long leader to show that the campaign is a failure—a failure will do in case a defeat cannot be had. Under this programme the people will observe what "patriots" the Copperheads are. To secure office, "lately held to be a Democratic inheritance," they discourage enlistments, urge a collision between military and civil authorities, depreciate the currency, and in every way possible, weaken and destroy that unity of strength so essential to press on the conflict to the end.—*Marysville Appeal.*

☞ At a public meeting in a country town, an eloquent advocate of popular education thus delivered himself: "Mr. President, I rise to get up, and am not backward to come forward in the cause of education; for had it not been for education, I should be as ignorant as you are, Mr. President.

A Noisy Set.—An old lady reading an account of the death of a venerable and distinguished lawyer, who was stated to be the "father of the Philadelphia Bar," exclaimed:

"Poor man! he had a dreadful noisy set of children!"

By-Laws of Parawan Mining District.

At a meeting of the miners of Parawan Mining District, Pleasant Valley, Millard Co., U. T., July 12, 1864, D. J. Berry was appointed President of the meeting, and R. McNulty Secretary.

The Chairman stated that the objects of the meeting were to create a new mining district, elect a Recorder and establish By-Laws for the government of said district.

A committee, consisting of J. D. Marker, A. G. Gray and W. Duval were appointed to draft By-Laws.

The following laws, having been presented by the committee, were acted upon *seriatim*, and adopted by the meeting.

Article 1. This District to be known as Parawan Mining District, to include that portion of territory situated in the Territory of Utah, county of Millard as follows: Commencing at the ruins of old Pony Station, in Pleasant Valley, and running in a south-easterly direction 10 miles; thence south-westerly 20 miles; thence north-westerly 30 miles; thence northerly 20 miles, and thence to point of beginning.

Article 2d. The extent of a claim on any mineral vein shall be two hundred feet along the lode, with a width of one hundred feet on each side of the lode, including all its dips, spurs, angles, depths, widths, offshoots, outcroppings, variations, and all the minerals and other valuables therin contained; and priority of location shall determine the ownership of all cross or other leads traversing ground claimed under these laws. The discoverer and locator of a lead shall be entitled to one claim additional for discovery.

Article 3d. No person shall hold more than one claim by location on any one vein; by purchase any number of claims may be held.

Article 4th. All locations shall be made by companies, and measured on a horizontal line; each company's location to be designated and its extent fully described.

Article 5th. Each company must do one faithful day's work on their claim in each month after the same shall have been located one year; and if failing to do so, the claim or claims will be subject to re-location by any other person; *provided*, however, that if the company are prevented from working by local insurrection or rebellion, a failure to do so will not forfeit their claims.

Article 6th. Work done, or caused to be done by the owners in any tunnel, cut, shaft, water ditch or privilege in good faith for the benefit of any claim, shall be considered as done on the claim owned by said person or company.

Article 7th. All claims shall be recorded within ten days after a notice of location shall have been posted thereon; but a notice filed for record in the Recorder's office, shall be considered in all cases equivalent to a record.

Article 8th. Claims on gold surface diggings shall be each two hundred feet square.

Article 9th. Locators on veins of coal or iron shall be entitled to five hundred feet for each location, and five hundred feet additional for discovery, and in all other respects shall be subject to and enjoy all the privileges and immunities of these laws.

Article 10th. All locations made on water for mining, ditch, mill privileges, or for irrigation purposes, shall be respected, and the same be recorded in the book or books of the district Recorder, and shall in all other respects be subject to and enjoy all the privileges and immunities of these laws.

Article 11th. Claims to hold good without work until the 12th day of July, 1865.

Article 12th. Whenever three hundred dollars shall have been expended upon the claims of any Company in this district, the ground so claimed by said Company, shall be deemed as belonging in fee to the owners and their assigns; and the same shall not be subject to relocation by other parties ever after, except by an acknowledged abandonment of the ground by the Company, which shall be so construed after said ground shall have lain idle for one year; and, except in cases where claims are in litigation.

Article 13th. All voters at meetings to regulate mining interests, shall be claim owners in this district.

Article 14th. All meetings for the purpose of election or changing these laws, must be called by posting written notices in at least three public places in the district, or by publishing the same in some newspaper printed in the Territory; said publication to be made by the Recorder (in either case) during at least twenty days previous to such meeting, stating the object thereof.

Article 15th. There shall be a Recorder chosen from among the miners of the district, who shall hold his office during a term of one year, unless a successor shall be duly elected, which can only be done by a majority of the legal voters present at a meeting for that purpose.

Article 16th. It shall be the duty of the Recorder to record all claims presented for that purpose; *provided*, that it shall not be lawful for him to record any claim in conflict with a prior location; and he shall be entitled to receive therefor, a sum not exceeding one dollar for each separate claim or company: he shall endorse on all notices placed on file in his office, the exact time of presentation for record; it shall be his duty (if required by the locator) to furnish each share holder with a certificate of his claim, attested by the seal of his office, for each of which he shall be entitled to receive the sum of fifty cents. Before recording any claim he shall satisfy himself that no rights are infringed.

Article 17th. The Recorder shall keep two series of books, in one of which, to record all locations, and the other, all transfers of claims in this district, to be styled, "Book A, B and C of Claims," and "Book A, B and C of Transfers," in the latter of which he shall place on record all deeds of shares presented for that purpose, for which he shall be entitled to receive a sum not exceeding two dollars and a half in each case; and all such records with the necessary revenue stamps affixed, shall be deemed legal evidence of sale or ownership, as the case may be.

Article 18th. All examinations of records shall be made in the presence of the Recorder of his Deputy. When relieved the Recorder shall turn over to his successor all books and papers pertaining to his office; he shall have a seal, and attest all acknowledgments and certificates made by him; *provided*, that he may use his private seal until the proper seal of office shall be procured.

Article 19th. All records and copies thereof, properly certified, shall be legal evidence of their contents in all Courts in this Territory.

On motion, the district was declared established, and the By-Laws as above, were adopted.

On motion, J. A. Kinnear was unanimously elected Recorder.

On motion, the President declared the meeting adjourned.

D. J. BERRY, President.

R. McNULTY, Secretary.

New Goods! New Goods!!

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING GOODS,

CONSISTING IN

French Lawns, Chambrays, Calicoes,

etc.,...etc.,...etc.,

In Fact Everything in the Ladies' Line.

Also a Fine Stock of

Boots, Shoes, Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

The Highest Price Paid for Gold Dust and Coin.

Aug5-tf

FIRST TRAIN FROM THE EAST!!

ABEL GILBERT, WM. GILBERT, Salt Lake City. } { CYRUS P. GILBERT, Bannack City Idaho Ter.

GILBERT & SONS,

(Late "Abel Gilbert," next door to Salt Lake House) are now receiving the most

MAGNIFICENT STOCK

OF

GENERAL ASSORTED MERCHANDISE,

Ever offered in the Territory, consisting of

SILKS, FRENCH LAWNS, CALICOES, CHAMBRAY, COTTON, WOOLEN & MIXED FABRICS, FLANNELS, AND OTHER STAPLES,

Selected to suit this market.

ALSO: A LARGE AND

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

Groceries, Hardware,

Boots and Shoes,

Hats and Caps,

And the finest assortment of late style

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Ever offered for sale here.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

GILBERT & SONS.

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC STATES.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

Overland Mail Company

To and from Atchison, Kansas, and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake City.

Coaches for Atchison leave every day at nine A. M.

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

SALT LAKE AND ATCHISON,

In charge of the most Competent and Trustworthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express matter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Idaho, via. Bannack City. Also, a

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon, and Salt Lake City, via. Boise City, West Bannack.

Time to Denver, ... Six days.
Time to Atchison, ... Twelve days

jy8tf W. L. HALSEY, Agent.

OVERLAND MAIL CO.

TO VIRGINIA, NEVADA TERRITORY, IN 5 DAYS.

THE OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY, carrying the UNITED STATES MAIL from Salt Lake City to Virginia, Nevada Territory, forms in connection with the Overland Stage Line, East, and the Pioneer Stage Company, West, the

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

ATCHISON, KANSAS, AND PLACERVILLE, CAL.,

and a perfect line of communication between

THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this Line are NEAT AND COMMODIOUS, and special attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

SALT LAKE CITY TO VIRGINIA,

is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS;

thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placerville, Sacramento and San Francisco, making the

Through Trip Inside of Seven Days.

COACHES LEAVE

SALT LAKE CITY, DAILY, AT 8, A. M ARRIVE FROM THE WEST EVERY MORNING IN TIME TO CONNECT WITH THE OVERLAND STAGE FOR THE EAST.

OFFICE.—First South Temple street, adjoining Jennings's new Store.

H. B. HUMPHREYS, Agent.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, July 1st, 1864 jy1tf